

(3 Hours)

[Total Marks : 100

- N.B. :** (1) Questions No. 1 is compulsory.
(2) Attempt any four out of remaining six questions
(3) Assume any suitable data whenever required and justify the same.

1. (a) Give and explain the routing capacitance with fringing field effect. 5
(b) Give and explain carry save adder. 5
(c) Write specification of Row Decoder, Column Decoder and MUX/DMUX used in 64K X 8 SRAM. 5
(d) Give and explain two techniques to improve the minimum frequency requirement of clock signal. 5
2. (a) Draw and explain full adder using dual rail complementary pass transistor logic. 10
(b) Give various important parameters affecting switching performance of CMOS inverter. Suggest methods to improve it. 10
3. (a) Explain in detail sizing of routing conductor with respect to metal migration and ground bounce /power supply drop. 10
(b) Draw 1T DRAM cell and explain its write, read, hold and refresh operation. 10
4. (a) Draw and explain CMOS two-stage OP-AMP. 10
(b) Explain various technique of clock generation. Discuss "H" tree clock distribution. 10
5. (a) Draw three variable-three output PLA and programme it with following functions: 10
$$f_x = ac + be$$
$$f_y = abc + abc$$
$$f_z = ab + ab$$

(b) Give and explain interconnect scaling. 10
6. (a) Give and explain single phase clock system and explain its drawback. 10
(b) Explain need of input protection and give the input protection circuits. 10
7. Write short note on (any three) 20
 - (a) Switch Capacitor amplifier
 - (b) Sense amplifier
 - (c) Low power design consideration
 - (d) Floating gate MOSFET.



QP Code : MV-19123

(3 Hours)

[Total Marks : 100

- N.B.** (1) Question no. 1 is compulsory.
 (2) Solve any four questions from the remaining six questions.
 (3) Assume suitable data wherever required.

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|----|-----|--|----|
| 1. | (a) | Explain different types of activation functions. | 5 |
| | (b) | Explain k.means of algorithm. | 5 |
| | (c) | Explain any two types of Defuzzification techniques. | 5 |
| | (d) | How many hidden layers are necessary to approximate a continuous function. | 5 |
| 2. | (a) | Write an algorithm for back propagation training and explain about updation of weight. | 10 |
| | (b) | Explain Hopfield networks in detail. | 10 |
| 3. | (a) | Using perceptron learning rule, find the weights required to perform following classifications. Vector (1 1 1 1) and (-1 1 -1 -1) are the members of first class. Vectors (1 1 1 -1) and (1 -1 -1 1) are the member of second class. Use two output neurons. Assume learning rate parameter as 0.9 and initial weight of 0.25. Using training vectors, test the response of net. | 10 |
| | (b) | What is meant by simulated annealing. Explain procedure of Boltzman machine with its training phase. | 10 |
| 4. | (a) | Explain the method of solving EX-OR problem using RBF and MLP. | 10 |
| | (b) | Compare supervised learning with unsupervised learning. Explain with suitable examples. | 10 |
| 5. | (a) | Explain the operation of fuzzy logic control with process inference block. | 10 |
| | (b) | Write the properties of fuzzy set theory and explain in detail. | 10 |



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6. (a) Three fuzzy sets are given as follows :-

10

$$P = \left\{ \frac{0.1}{2} + \frac{0.3}{4} + \frac{0.7}{6} + \frac{0.4}{8} + \frac{0.2}{10} \right\}$$

$$Q = \left\{ \frac{0.1}{0.1} + \frac{0.3}{0.2} + \frac{0.3}{0.3} + \frac{0.4}{0.4} + \frac{0.5}{0.5} + \frac{0.2}{0.6} \right\}$$

$$R = \left\{ \frac{0.1}{0} + \frac{0.7}{0.5} + \frac{0.3}{1} \right\}$$

Perform the following operations over the fuzzy sets :-

- (i) Max-min composition
 (ii) Max product
 (iii) Two corss product.
- (b) Explain Kohonen's self organizing learning algorithm.

10

7. Write a short note on (any four) :-

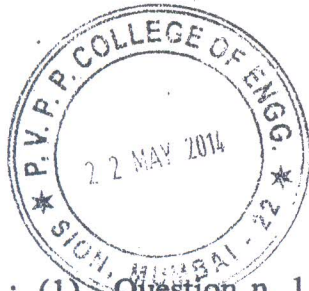
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- (a) Brain state-in-a-box model
 (b) Fuzzification Methods
 (c) LMS algorithm
 (d) Neurodynamic Model
 (e) Steepest descent algorithm.

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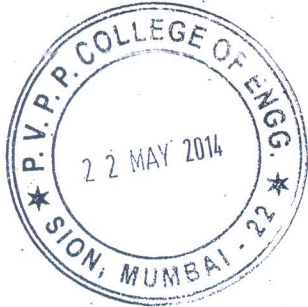
QP Code : MV-19126

(3 Hours)

[Total Marks : 100

- N.B. : (1) Question n. 1 is compulsory.
 (2) Attempt any four questions from remaining six questions.
 (3) Assume suitable data if required with justification.

1. (a) Component or subsystem level redundancy is preferred over total system redundancy method. Justify. 5
 (b) Compare normal PCB and high speed PCB. 5
 (c) Prepare a quick reference manual for any suitable electronic product. 5
 (d) What are the main features of structured programming ? 5
2. (a) Explain the main factors to be considered for signal conductors is high gain DC amplifier. 5
 (b) Describe in detail the relation between cross talk and wave impedance. 5
 (c) Explain the advantages and limitations of : (i) analog real time oscilloscope 10
 (ii) Digital storage oscilloscope. Also explain how mixed signal oscilloscope addresses fault finding related to signal integrity.
3. (a) What are the guidelines to be followed while manufacturing a panel layout ? Draw the front and rear panel sketches of regulated DC adjustable power supply. 10
 (b) Explain the use of MOV, Transzorb and line filter. 10
4. (a) What is the main purpose of grounding ? Explain where the star ground is used ? 5
 (b) Discuss different types of compilers. 5
 (c) During component assembly which are the main guidelines used in placement and mounting of components. 10
5. (a) Explain NEMA 4 and NEMA 12 standards. 5
 (b) What is signal integrity ? Justify the significance of signal integrity. 5
 (c) Write short note on DIP soldering. 5
 (d) What are the advantages of virtual instrumentation. 5
6. (a) Explain various tests, its outcome and action to be taken in order to estimate the stability of enclosure. 10
 (b) Define EMC. What are the different standards for EMC regulations ? How do they classify the products ? 10
7. (a) Explain commonly used methods of bare board testing. 5
 (b) In a multilayer PCB signal and ground plane is separated by 0.15 inch, common area of two plates is 5.25 inch². Find the parasitic capacitance for relative permittivity of substrate 2.5. 5
 (c) Compare flowchart with pseudocode. 5
 (d) What is the significance of bathtub curve. 5



QP Code : MV-19117

(3 Hours)

[Total Marks : 100

- N. B. :** (1) Question No. 1 is compulsory.
(2) Answer **any four** from remaining questions.

1. (a) Explain the strategies for transition from IPv4 to IPv6. 20
(b) Compare ubiquitous and hierarchical access in Access Network Design.
(c) Compare IPv4 and IPv6
(d) Explain frame format of Frame relay.
2. (a) Explain ATM cell format in detail and compare Frame relay and ATM. 10
(b) With a neat flowchart, explain how CSMA/CA is implemented in WLAN. 10
Why CSMA/CD cannot be implemented in WLAN.
3. (a) Explain the importance of DCF, PCF, NAV vector with respect to IEEE 802.11 bringing out the importance of the protocol. 10
(b) What are the hardware components of DWDM? Explain the technology with a neat diagram. 10
4. (a) Explain the packet filtering and layer-7 filtering and bring out the advantages and disadvantages by comparing them. 10
(b) Explain the functional layers of SONET and elaborate on the hardware components used in the technology. 10
5. (a) What is a firewall? What are the capabilities and limitations of firewall? Explain different types of firewalls with their advantages and pitfalls. 10
(b) Explain the AAL5 layer and bring out the advantages of this layer with respect to other layers. 10
6. (a) Explain fragmentation with respect to IPv4 and elaborate with an example. 10
(b) With a neat sketch, elaborate the functions of OSI layer and compare it with TCP/IP layers. 10
7. (a) Explain different security threats, mentioning the need for network security. 20
(b) Write short notes on RMON.
(c) Explain the functions of routers, bridges and switches in networking.
(d) Explain ATM logical connections.

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BE (Electronics) sem VIII
Robotics and Automation

28.05.14

QP Code : MV-19185

(3 Hours)

[Total Marks : 100

NOTE: 1. Question no. one is compulsory.

2. Solve any four questions out of the remaining six questions.

3. Assume suitable data where necessary and justify the same.

Q1. (a) Explain the process of edge detection.

[05]

(b) Explain programming languages used for PLC, explain any one language in brief.

[05]

(c) Explain the following terms, Tool path, Tool trajectory, DOF, TCV, TWE.

[05]

(d) Write any three points why inverse kinematic solution is not unique

[05]

Q2. (a) Using DH algorithm perform direct kinematic analysis of four axis ADAPT-1 SCARA robot.

[10]

(b) Compute the joint variable vector $q = [q_1, q_2, q_3, q_4]^T$ for the following tool configuration vector of

SCARA. $w(q) = [692.82, 25, 527, 0, 0, -1.6487]^T$, where

$a_1 = 425\text{mm}, a_2 = 375\text{mm}, a_3 = 0, a_4 = 0$, and $d_1 = 877\text{mm}, d_2 = 0, d_3 = q_3, d_4 = 200\text{mm}$.

[10]

Q3. (a) Discuss Inverse kinematic analysis of five axis Microbot α -II Articulated Robot arm.

[10]

(b) Find the composite rotation matrix by rotating the tool about the fixed axis of F frame, with a yaw of $\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right)$, followed by a pitch of $\left(\frac{-\pi}{2}\right)$ and finally a roll of $\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right)$ radians. If $(p)^M = (0, 0, 0.6)^T$ Find $[p]^F$

[10]

Q4. (a) Explain how straight line motion can be obtained using articulated robot.

[10]

(b) Differentiate between path and trajectory. Define SDF. Explain in brief how continuous motion path trajectory is generated.

[10]

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Q5.(a) Explain shrink and swell operators. How does swell operator help in image smoothening, explain with an example. [10]

(b) What are advantages of PLC's explain with examples, also state the specifications of PLC with Industrial application and manufacturer. [10]

Q6.(a) Compare traditional ladder diagram and PLC ladder diagram with examples. [10]

(b) Write short note on corner point detection. [10]

Q7. Write short notes on any two [20]

(a) Template matching (c) Workspace fixtures

(b) Screw transformation (d) Gross motion planning



Con. 11885-14.



VIIIth (Elex) (Rev.)

03/06/2014

Sub: ESRTP

QP Code : MV-19363

(3 Hours)

[Total Marks : 100

- N. B. : (1) Question No. 1 is compulsory
(2) Answer **any three** out of remaining questions.
(3) Assume suitable data wherever required.

1. (a) Discuss design metric issues in designing an embedded system. Give suitable example. 5
1. (b) Explain SPI protocol for serial communication. 5
1. (c) Explain Operating modes of ARM7DMI. 5
1. (d) Justify use of C programming for embedded software development. 5
2. (a) Explain data structure Queue, Circular queue, Link list and Array in embedded C programming. 10
2. (b) Explain clock circuit and registers used to control function of clock module of MSP 430. 10
3. (a) Design an embedded system to measure frequency of a power line. Suggest hardware components used. Also give software architecture for the system. 10
3. (b) Write ARM assembly language program to implement
- $$\sum_{i=1}^N f_i X_i \text{ for } i = 1 \text{ to } N$$
4. (a) Discuss layered architecture of CAN node. Elaborate Transfer Layer with regards to message framing and arbitration. 10
4. (b) With the help of suitable diagram explain. 10
- (i) LCD interface
- (ii) Hex Keypad interface

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5. (a) What is bounded and unbounded priority inversion problem? Suggest solutions used for the same. Explain with suitable example. 10

5. (b) For the given task table calculate: (i) Waiting time 10
(ii) Turn around time
for earliest deadline first scheduling (EDF). All tasks entered ready queue at same time.

Task	Execution	Deadline
T ₁	06	39
T ₂	16	30
T ₃	18	45

6. (a) Describe embedded programming tools like compiler, cross compiler, integrated development environment, debugging tools, in circuit emulator. 10

6. (b) What is shared data problem? Explain various techniques to overcome shared data problem. 10

7. Write short notes on: (Any three). 20

- (i) Petri net Modelling
 - (ii) Waterfall Model in Embedded Software Development.
 - (iii) Stock implementation in ARM7.
 - (iv) Techniques used in Interprocess Communication in Embedded System.
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